



OPIOID PAIN MANAGEMENT

~ The WHOLE Story ~

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I have no financial disclosures



Objectives

- Discuss 3 or more tools to help the clinician manage the patient with chronic pain
- Distinguish the patient with opioid dependency VS the patient with chronic pain VS substance use disorder
- Washington State Opioid Prescribing Guidelines

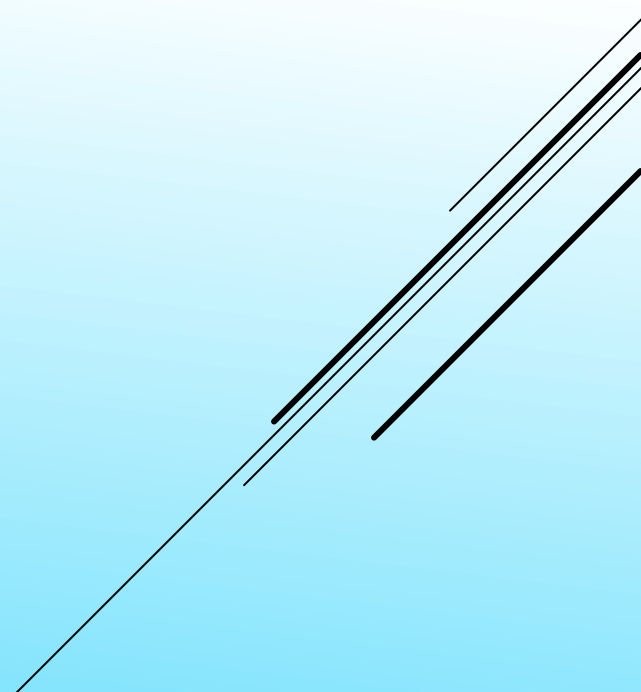
KEY CONCEPTS

- ☐ **No shame ~ No blame**
- ☐ **Sometimes the drug has abused the patient**
- ☐ **RIGHT ~VS~ WRONG conversations are *not productive***

KEY CONCEPTS continued

ALWAYS identify the pain source

Is it acute or chronic?



Pain Sources: physiologic, emotional, spiritual

Physiologic:

Tissue damage/injury/nociception/Acute VS Chronic processes

Injury with or without good repair/recovery, Burns, Surgery,

Other tissue damage: Chronic process examples: neuropathy, osteoporosis, arthritis

Emotional: failed expectations

Spirituality: grief, loss

Tools for the Clinician

- Shared Decision-Making
- Pain Scales
- Pain Management Agreement
- Urine Drug Screens
~ toxicology
- Opioid Dose
Calculator
- Counseling

- ▶ Clinicians need to set the expectations for realistic outcomes
- ▶ Have a clear conversation prior to any treatment or procedure to calibrate the expected outcomes: *listen carefully*
- ▶ Be honest in understanding our own clinical expectations
- ▶ What could possibly go wrong?
- ▶ Ask: What is a good outcome? What are the expectations of the patient, the clinical team members, the patient's family?

SHARED DECISION MAKING

LANGUAGE

▶ **Aberrancy**

▶ **Adherence**

MATTERS!

Aberrancy

- different from what is typical or usual, especially in an unacceptable way
- often has a negative connotation
- *Our expectations as clinicians are part of the problem~*

Wong-Baker FACES™ Pain Rating Scale



0

No
Hurt



2

Hurts
Little Bit



4

Hurts Little
More



6

Hurts
Even More



8

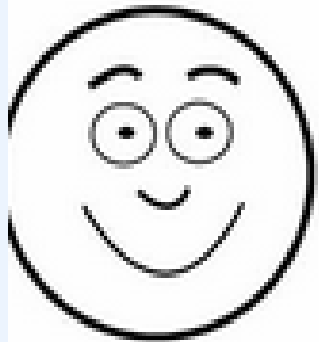
Hurts
Whole Lot



10

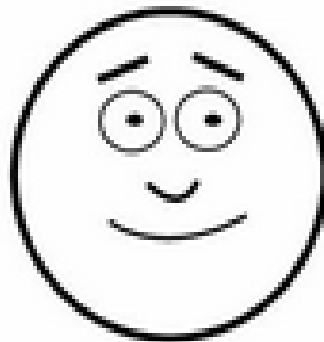
Hurts
Worst

Are you in pain?



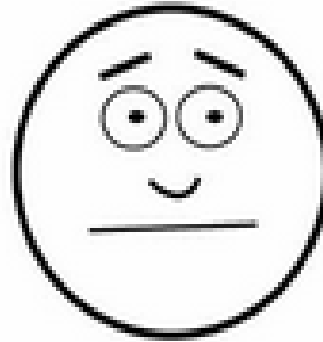
0

very happy,
I do not hurt
at all



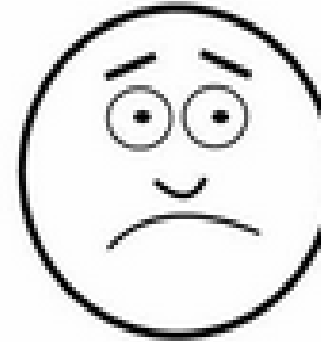
1 - 2

hurts just
a little
bit



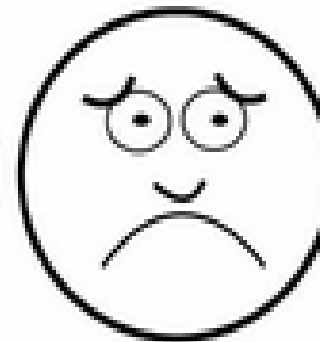
3 - 4

hurts a
little more



5 - 6

hurts even
more



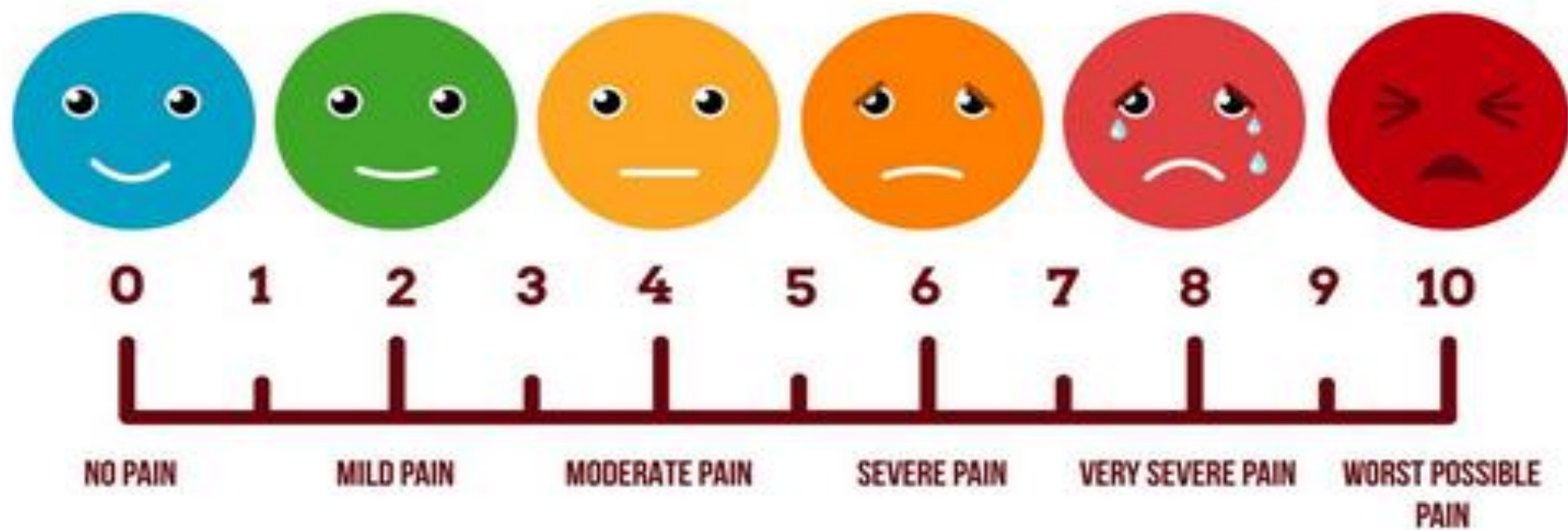
7 - 8

hurts a
whole lot

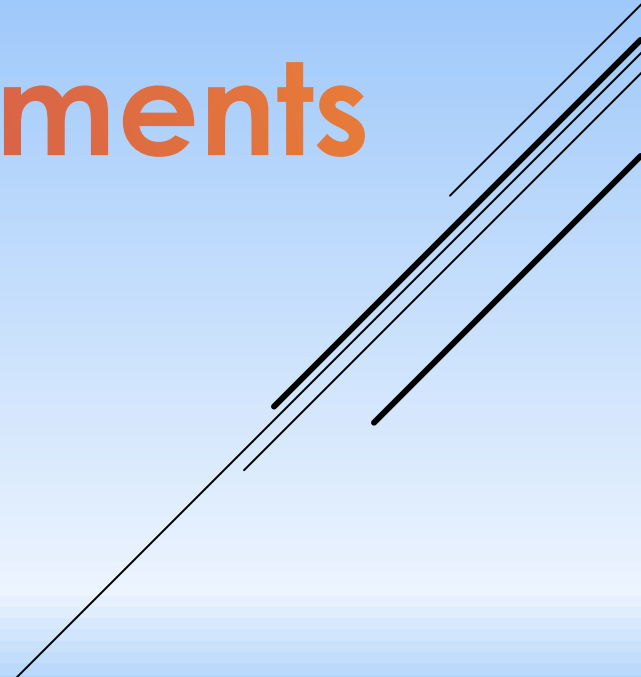


9 - 10

hurts as much as
you can imagine,
you don't have
to be crying to
feel this bad



Pain Management Agreements



Concepts in the Pain Management Agreement

- ❖ One piece of paper
- ❖ 6th grade vocabulary
- ❖ One pharmacy
- ❖ One prescriber
- ❖ UDS anytime requested
- ❖ Copies of the agreement will go to all local ED's and all clinicians caring for pt.
- ❖ Each concept includes pt education on that concept

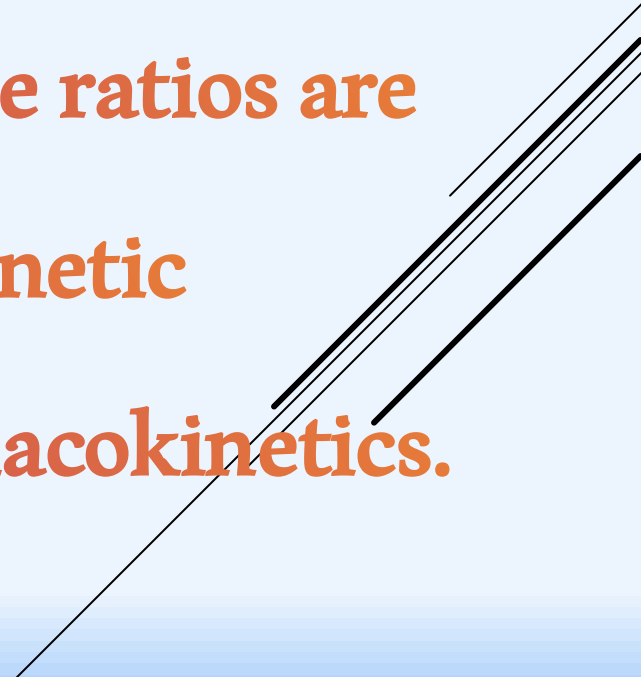
Urine Toxicology (drug screens)

- **Know your lab's toxicology screening menu**
- **Get to know your lab's toxicologist**
- **Know what you are looking for**
- **Prepare for different testing methods**
- **Prepare for how you will discuss the results**

(pain clinics, self-dealing, HIS patients, cross reating contaminants- cannabis topical, poppy seeds)

<<https://www.agencymeddirectors.wa.gov/Calculator/DoseCalculator>>

CAUTION: This calculator should NOT be used to determine doses when converting a patient from one opioid to another. This is especially important for fentanyl and methadone conversions. Equianalgesic dose ratios are only approximations and do not account for genetic factors, incomplete cross-tolerance, and pharmacokinetics.



Counseling

or

Licensed therapy

or

12-step programs

The NEW resource*:

RELIEF PAIN HUB

*** it's FREE!**

R = Resources

E = Education

L = Leading to

I = Improved Pain Care

E = Equity

F = For Washingtonians

<https://www.painreliefwa.org>

For more information:

Contact Marian Wilson, PhD

<marian.Wilson@WSU.edu>

- ✓ **Embedded information is evidence-based**
- ✓ **There are sections for pain patients, clinicians, medical students**
- ✓ **Multi-dimensional pain assessments**
- ✓ **Patient self-education, including activity/exercise, nutrition and non-pharmaceutical pain-relief methods**

*That gut
feeling
that there
is more to
the story!*

~

Distinguish the Opioid Dependent patient

~OR~

The Chronic Pain Patient

~OR~

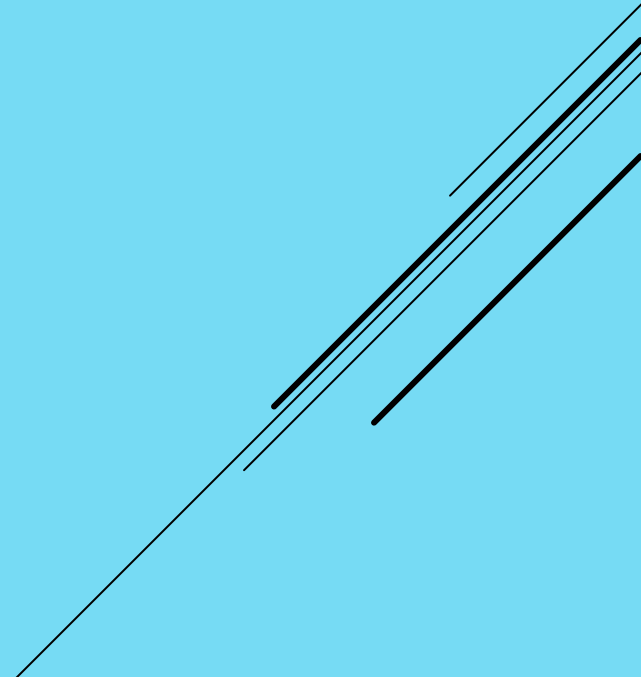
Substance Use Disorder

Case Studies & Best Practices

Shimari ~ single mom

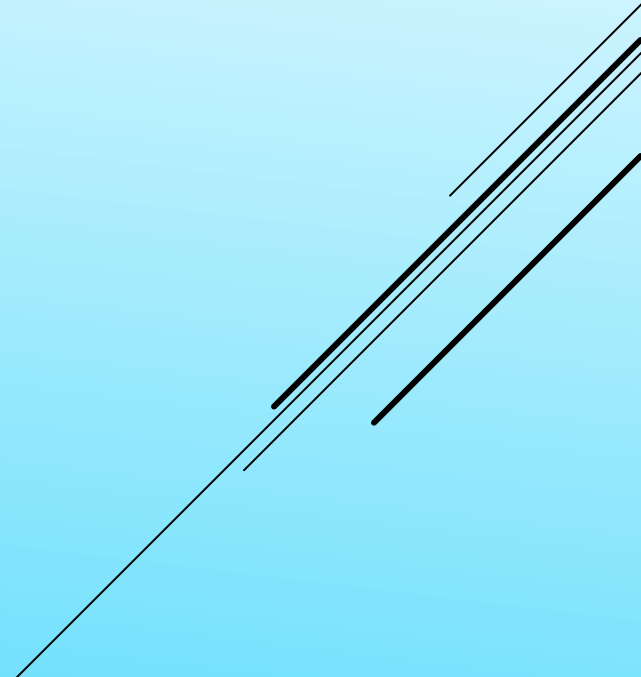
(PA's pt, PA's instruction from the boss, use alternative resources)

Which is it?

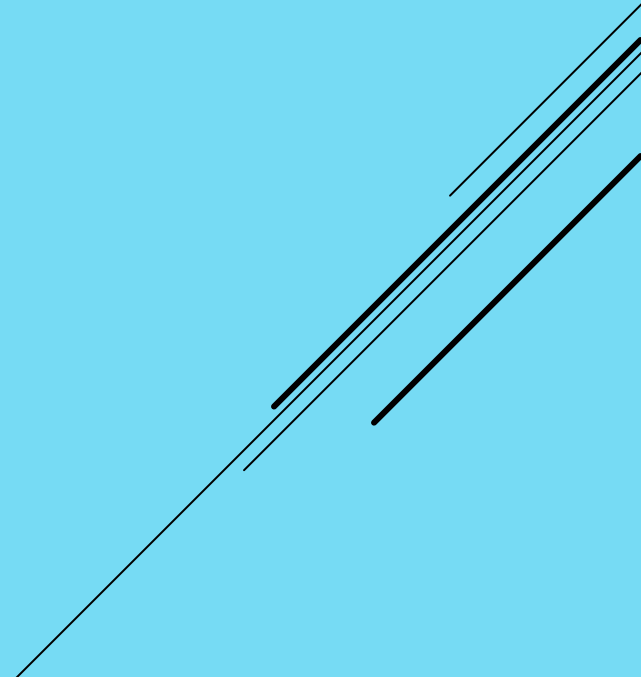
- Opioid dependency?
 - Chronic Pain?
 - Substance Use Disorder?
 - Failure to navigate life?
- 

June, with fibromyalgia

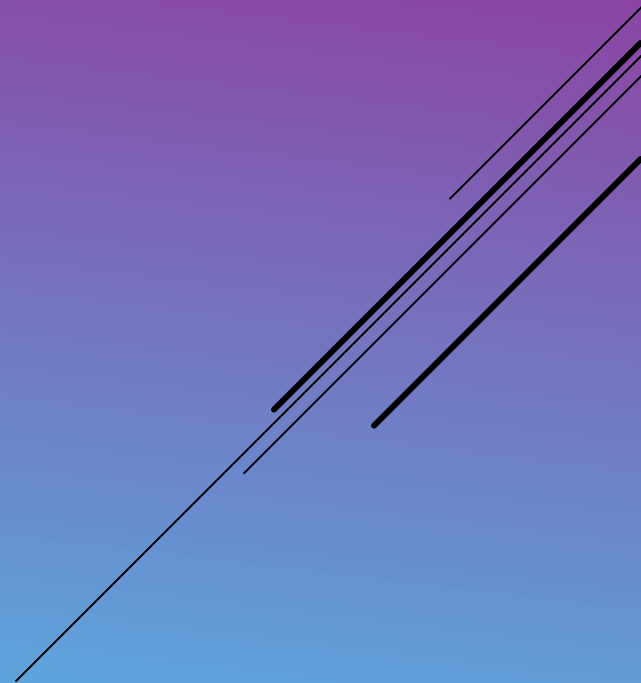
(legacy, teacher, safe, spouse)



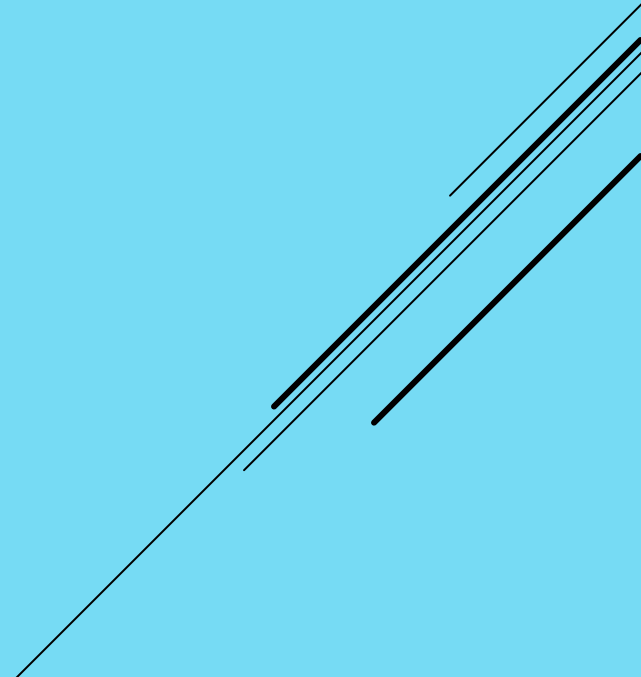
Which is it?

- Opioid dependency?
 - Chronic Pain?
 - Substance Use Disorder?
 - Failure to navigate life?
- 

Tom ~ with a gun



Which is it?

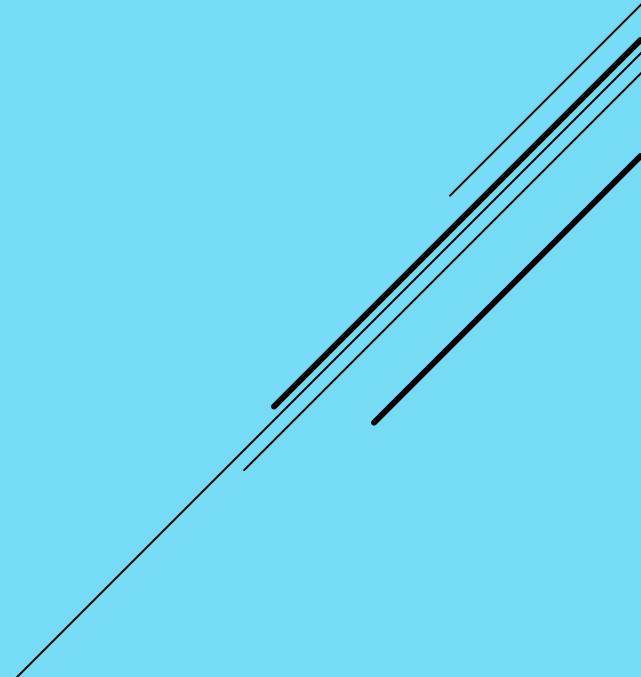
- Opioid dependency?
 - Chronic Pain?
 - Substance Use Disorder?
 - Failure to navigate life?
- 

Bob ~ after 6 back surgeries

(legacy, missing medications, doesn't need it, rageful)

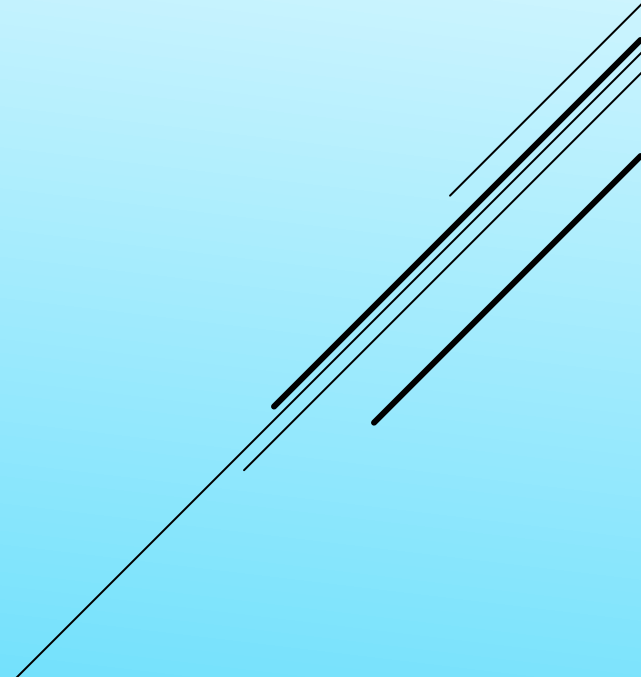


Which is it?

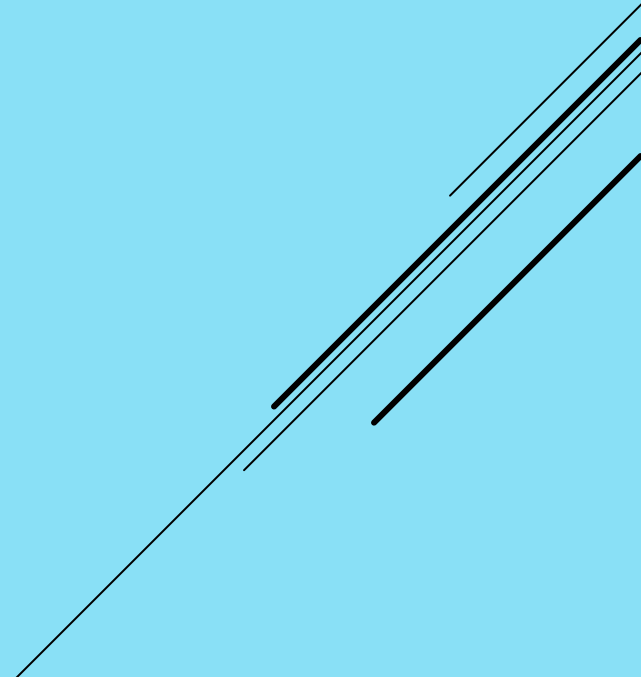
- Opioid dependency?
 - Chronic Pain?
 - Substance Use Disorder?
 - Failure to navigate life?
- 

Jack, dialysis pt

(alternate testing, honesty, mgmt.)



Which is it?

- Opioid dependency?
 - Chronic Pain?
 - Substance Use Disorder?
 - Failure to navigate life?
- 

Washington State Guidelines

For Opioid Prescribing

My apologies, this will be made available in an additional email to all participants.